

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG

NEW DELHI- 110002

**PROFORMA FOR SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION AT THE TIME OF SENDING THE FINAL REPORT OF THE WORK DONE ON THE PROJECT**

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2. NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION: NATWARLAL MANIKLAL DALAL COLLEGE,  
GONDIA
3. UG APPROVAL NO. AND DATE: N23-2192/10 (WRO DATED 28/10/2010)
4. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION: 29 NOVEMBER 2010
5. TENURE OF THE PROJECT: TWO YEARS
6. TOTAL GRANT ALLOCATED: 80000
7. TOTAL GRANT RECEIVED: 55000
8. FINAL EXPENDITURE: 91355.00
9. TITLE OF THE PROJECT: A CASE STUDY OF RURAL ECONOMICAL AND POLITICAL  
DEVELOPMENT THROUGH GRAM PANCHAYAT IN GONDIA  
DISTRICT
10. OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT:

To know about the economical and political development of the rural area in Gondia district is the major objectives are:

1. To study the attitude and approach of the representative towards development of rural mass after enforcement of Panchayat Raj Enactment.
2. To study and spread of awareness regarding Panchayat Raj among the rural masses.
3. To study the changes in the rural development brought about by the Local Self Government.
4. To study the actual participation in the process of Panchayat Raj to women, officers and public servant.
5. To assess the grass root suggestion regarding amelioration and the Local Self Government.
6. To study the problems related to society, economy and politics and to bring forth come useful remedy and constructive suggestions.

11. WHETHER OBJECTIVES ARE ACHIEVED: YES

12. ACHIVEMENTS FROM THE PROJECT: OBJECTIVES WERE ACHIVED BY A CASE STUDY OF RURAL ECONOMICAL AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT THROUGH GRAM PANCHAYAT IN GONDIA DISTRICT.

1. After Panchayat Raj Act 1994, a positive changes have comes in the gram panchayat representative and villagers from these they cooperate they each other.
2. Through Panchayat , a political awareness comes in rural development.
3. From Panchayat Raj, a changes comes in rural development gives a platform for modernization.
4. Through Panchayat Raj process political and social awareness comes in women and backward classes and they play a vital role in village politics for making a pressure.
5. From Panchayat Raj process a villagers start to understand their rights and duties, by raising demand and their self confidence level increase. Now they are not dependent on their luck.
6. Villagers are capable to put their demands confidently in front of government officers.
7. By interview they discuss their issues that how to resolve there problem of rural public and panchayat officers.
8. By public participation in local self government improve their economical development.

13. SUMMUARY OF THE FUNDING:

Gram panchayat representative and rural public faces the following problems:

1. Active and effective public participation is lack in the working of gram panchayat.
2. Public policy and program is not very effective due to lack of effective opposition from the general public.
3. Effective implementation government policy is lacking due to inadequate training and education to the gross root level staff of gram panchayat.
4. There is no proper publicity of various government scheme for development, infrastructure , irrigation , sanitation and public health.
5. Effective participation of villagers due to lack of proper information and sometimes there suggestion are not given importance at the village level meeting which discourage them for effective participation.
6. In village level meeting there is groupism political favourism which discourage the villagers to participate effectively.
7. Sometimes there is casteism and villagers issue also play a part in implementation of development scheme.
8. Gram panchayat are not getting proper guidance from high level for effective implementation of welfare scheme.
9. Adequate and timely financial assistance is not provided.
10. Adequate staff of gram panchayat is not provided for proper implementation of development scheme.

11. Effective participation of villagers lacking due to low level of education and health condition.
12. Whatever discussion taken at village level meeting due to lack of public participation and lack of budget.
13. Lack of education, health condition, sanitation and transportation are the main reason for the low level of villagers active participation.
14. Agriculture is the main occupation of villagers the gram panchayat is lacking the agriculture development policy.
15. Rural development scheme is not properly and timely implemented and financial assistance is not adequately and timely provided by the government.

#### SUGGESTION:

Following are the suggestion for making the gram panchayat powerful.

1. They will give rights for making law and regularize them and also shortout the village problems like central and state government.
2. To make court of conduct for Panchayati raj representative.
3. To appoint technical and other workers properly.
4. To give allowance, pension and payment to Panchayati raj representative like MLA'S and MP'S.
5. It will develop Panchayati raj institution in to local self government unit, like zilla parishad to zilla government and gram panchayat to village government.
6. It will prepare and give responsibility to Panchayati raj institution for village level development policy and programs.
7. There should be transparency and faith in the working of Panchayati raj institution.
8. There should be no meeting at the time of cropping.
9. To take recommendation seriously of gram sabha by gram panchayat and to function properly.
10. There should be compulsory training for representative, officers and servant of Panchayati raj institution at a proper interval.
11. It will give separate training to women representative of gram panchayat.
12. Not to occupy seat on the basis of caste and religion but to concentrate on rural development.
13. Political party will not interrupt in the election of Panchayati raj system.
14. Gram panchayat will play a elective role by changing the structural and functional changes of election process.
15. At the village level, to computerize notices and policies for increasing the transparency and decreasing the corruption in the work.
16. There will be own secretariat of gram panchayat to make Panchayati raj institution self dependent and strengthen
17. To compose Panchayati raj public some commission for selection of Panchayati raj servant.
18. To concentrate on increase in optional employment opportunity in rural area.
19. To provide financial fund directly to gram panchayat.
20. To increase satisfactory remuneration of gram panchayat representative.
21. To form a 'Vigilance Board' in every district who inspect the work and function of gram panchayat and verifying the budget.

22. Leader should create a healthy atmosphere where the public can freely discuss their problems.

14. CONTRIBUTION TO THE SOCIETY:

By research study we come to know that the gram panchayat function facing the problem in rural area of : economical and political development through India. Failure centralize planning promote decentralize system and its advantage goes to the gross root and it will be possible by co-operation of local administration that's why rural public accept the elected gram panchayat to the local administration. Through gram panchayat state government provide every single benefit to rural public and those benefits that they are not getting now they are getting. Rural development is possible through a rural public. This concept gives a different power and duties to the gram panchayat. From that village development is better day by day. Mainly, one side gram panchayat creating employment policy, self employment and construction work to economical development and other side indirectly to increase forest, to extend basic facilities doing these they increase in economical development.

15. WHETHER ANY Ph.D ENROLLED/PRODUCED: NO

16. NO. OF PUBLICATION OUT OF THE PROJECT: ONE



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